

Table 4.32

**Drug use by adult arrestees in 23 U.S. cities**

By type of drug, race, ethnicity, and sex, 1996

(Percent testing positive)

City	Any drug <sup>a</sup>			Marijuana			Cocaine			Opiates		
	Black	White	Hispanic	Black	White	Hispanic	Black	White	Hispanic	Black	White	Hispanic
<b>Male</b>												
Atlanta, GA	81%	66%	(b)	38%	32%	(b)	60%	44%	(b)	3%	7%	(b)
Birmingham, AL	72	65	(b)	47	33	(b)	44	41	(b)	3	7	(b)
Chicago, IL	84	75	75%	47	46	46%	52	51	52%	21	15	15%
Cleveland, OH	72	53	73	40	30	43	47	30	30	2	4	5
Dallas, TX	66	64	41	44	48	31	38	24	20	4	8	2
Denver, CO	80	65	68	43	40	44	60	32	37	2	6	8
Detroit, MI	67	59	(b)	48	30	(b)	26	32	(b)	6	12	(b)
Fort Lauderdale, FL	72	64	54	42	35	29	50	40	32	1	4	5
Houston, TX	69	61	60	34	26	38	45	36	32	6	11	7
Indianapolis, IN	78	67	(b)	50	55	(b)	51	25	(b)	3	2	(b)
Los Angeles, CA	83	69	52	36	27	26	57	33	38	5	4	6
Manhattan, NY	83	75	74	41	34	38	63	53	48	13	26	20
Miami, FL	71	67	62	35	36	32	58	47	47	2	2	1
New Orleans, LA	67	67	(b)	40	35	(b)	48	39	(b)	7	12	(b)
Omaha, NE	73	57	54	59	48	42	35	15	23	1	2	0
Philadelphia, PA	73	60	71	40	32	48	46	28	33	9	14	12
Phoenix, AZ	72	57	60	29	30	27	51	23	42	6	9	12
Portland, OR	78	66	56	39	37	25	58	24	45	5	14	25
St. Louis, MO	76	69	(b)	53	49	(b)	45	32	(b)	10	11	(b)
San Antonio, TX	63	58	55	40	40	38	39	28	25	5	9	12
San Diego, CA	78	75	66	41	47	36	50	11	27	6	8	13
San Jose, CA	67	53	50	43	29	29	31	9	19	3	9	6
Washington, DC	68	56	(b)	40	38	(b)	33	31	(b)	9	8	(b)
<b>Female</b>												
Atlanta, GA	76	84	(b)	26	25	(b)	63	72	(b)	3	6	(b)
Birmingham, AL	52	75	(b)	23	22	(b)	36	48	(b)	3	14	(b)
Cleveland, OH	70	71	(b)	19	29	(b)	55	44	(b)	5	8	(b)
Dallas, TX	56	59	61	26	28	26	38	32	30	7	14	22
Denver, CO	79	71	59	30	22	27	67	51	41	4	8	3
Detroit, MI	71	(b)	(b)	20	(b)	(b)	52	(b)	(b)	19	(b)	(b)
Fort Lauderdale, FL	60	70	(b)	25	22	(b)	47	55	(b)	1	4	(b)
Houston, TX	56	67	39	27	33	20	36	42	22	4	5	3
Indianapolis, IN	76	68	(b)	31	31	(b)	61	40	(b)	2	5	(b)
Los Angeles, CA	83	80	56	22	21	18	68	37	32	7	20	13
Manhattan, NY	83	92	81	19	20	19	72	70	60	18	56	35
New Orleans, LA	35	39	(b)	15	8	(b)	27	27	(b)	3	4	(b)
Omaha, NE	64	38	(b)	42	26	(b)	42	10	(b)	5	2	(b)
Philadelphia, PA	80	87	(b)	21	19	(b)	70	70	(b)	7	43	(b)
Phoenix, AZ	70	67	58	26	22	22	55	42	36	5	15	15
Portland, OR	79	74	58	30	26	8	64	36	50	20	27	35
St. Louis, MO	72	80	(b)	28	34	(b)	55	54	(b)	5	15	(b)
San Antonio, TX	47	50	40	29	24	14	22	22	23	2	15	14
San Diego, CA	70	72	34	32	25	13	44	16	11	4	16	7
San Jose, CA	67	55	53	31	22	12	52	16	17	8	10	10
Washington, DC	59	40	(b)	24	10	(b)	41	30	(b)	11	7	(b)

Note: See Note, table 4.30. The racial category "other" has been omitted because of the small number of sample cases at most sites. For methodology and survey sampling information, see Appendix 12.

Source: U.S. Department of Justice, National Institute of Justice, *1996 Drug Use Forecasting Annual Report on Adult and Juvenile Arrestees*, NCJ-165691 (Washington, DC: USGPO, 1997), pp. 24-46. Table adapted by SOURCEBOOK staff.

<sup>a</sup>Includes cocaine, opiates, marijuana, phencyclidine (PCP), methadone, benzodiazepines, methaqualone, propoxyphene, barbiturates, and amphetamines.  
<sup>b</sup>Base figure is less than 20 cases.