

Table 3.92

Adults reporting drinking and driving in the past month<sup>a</sup>

By sex and State, 1995

State	Total	Male	Female
Alabama	2.6%	4.7%	0.8%
Alaska	1.3	1.6	0.9
Arizona	2.7	3.7	1.7
Arkansas	1.5	2.8	0.3
California	1.9	3.0	0.8
Colorado	3.1	5.2	1.0
Connecticut	2.5	4.5	0.7
Delaware	1.4	2.4	0.4
Florida	2.6	4.4	1.0
Georgia	2.2	3.3	1.1
Hawaii	2.1	3.0	1.1
Idaho	2.0	2.9	1.2
Illinois	1.8	2.8	0.7
Indiana	2.6	4.8	0.6
Iowa	3.3	4.9	1.9
Kansas	3.2	5.3	1.2
Kentucky	0.6	1.0	0.2
Louisiana	2.8	4.8	1.0
Maine	0.9	1.3	0.6
Maryland	1.1	2.0	0.4
Massachusetts	3.5	5.9	1.3
Michigan	3.3	5.6	1.2
Minnesota	4.9	8.0	2.0
Mississippi	1.1	2.2	0.2
Missouri	2.1	3.7	0.8
Montana	3.4	5.3	1.6
Nebraska	2.8	4.6	1.1
Nevada	3.7	6.1	1.3
New Hampshire	1.6	2.4	0.9
New Jersey	2.0	3.8	0.3
New Mexico	3.3	5.1	1.5
New York	0.9	1.3	0.5
North Carolina	1.1	1.7	0.6
North Dakota	4.2	7.2	1.3
Ohio	1.6	3.1	0.4
Oklahoma	1.2	2.1	0.4
Oregon	1.8	2.7	0.9
Pennsylvania	3.6	6.5	1.0
Rhode Island	3.7	5.6	1.9
South Carolina	1.4	2.1	0.7
South Dakota	5.2	8.0	2.6
Tennessee	1.0	1.4	0.6
Texas	3.7	6.3	1.3
Utah	1.2	2.3	0.2
Vermont	2.4	3.4	1.5
Virginia	2.5	4.3	0.9
Washington	2.1	3.3	1.0
West Virginia	0.9	1.5	0.3
Wisconsin	4.5	7.0	2.3
Wyoming	3.2	5.7	0.8

Note: The Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System (BRFSS) is a continuous, State-based surveillance system that collects information about modifiable risk factors for chronic diseases and other leading causes of death. The BRFSS is a telephone survey of the civilian, noninstitutionalized population aged 18 and older. In 1995, all 50 States participated; the District of Columbia did not participate. Each State health department used random digit dialing to select samples of adults in households with telephones. During the interview period each month, BRFSS data were collected from the random samples of adults. The data were sent to the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) at the end of each monthly interviewing cycle. A computer-assisted telephone interviewing (CATI) system, which permits direct entry of data into a computer file during an interview, was used in 47 States for the 1995 survey.

<sup>a</sup>Includes adults reporting at least once in the previous month, operating a motor vehicle after drinking too much alcohol.

Source: U.S. Department of Health and Human Services, Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, "State- and Sex-Specific Prevalence of Selected Characteristics—Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System, 1994 and 1995," *Morbidity and Mortality Weekly Report* (Washington, DC: USGPO, Aug. 1, 1997), p. 13. Table adapted by SOURCEBOOK staff.