

Table 3.73

Estimated prevalence and most recent use of inhalants and hallucinogens

By sex, race, ethnicity, age, and region, United States, 1995

	Inhalants				Hallucinogens ^a			
	Never used	Ever used	Most recent use		Never used	Ever used	Most recent use	
			Within last year	Within last 30 days			Within last year	Within last 30 days
Total (N=17,747)	94.3%	5.7%	1.1%	0.4%	90.5%	9.5%	1.6%	0.7%
Sex								
Male	92.0	8.0	1.3	0.5	88.0	12.0	1.9	0.8
Female	96.5	3.5	0.9	0.3	92.8	7.2	1.3	0.6
Race, ethnicity								
White	93.3	6.7	1.3	0.5	88.9	11.1	1.8	0.8
Black	98.2	1.8	0.3	0.1	96.3	3.7	0.5	0.2
Hispanic	96.5	3.5	0.9	0.4	94.2	5.8	1.3	0.5
Age								
12 to 17 years	92.6	7.4	4.6	2.1	94.6	5.4	4.6	1.7
18 to 25 years	88.8	11.2	3.2	0.7	85.9	14.1	5.3	2.3
26 to 34 years	91.3	8.7	0.5	0.3	84.8	15.2	1.3	0.3
35 years and older	96.7	3.3	0.2	0.1	92.4	7.6	0.4	0.3
Region								
Northeast	95.1	4.9	0.7	0.2	91.5	8.5	1.3	0.6
North Central	94.4	5.6	1.4	0.4	90.7	9.3	1.4	0.6
South	95.0	5.0	0.8	0.3	92.2	7.8	1.3	0.5
West	92.4	7.6	1.6	0.8	86.4	13.6	2.6	1.2

Note: See Note, table 3.69. For survey methodology, see Appendix 8.

^aIncludes LSD and PCP, as well as other hallucinogens.

Source: U.S. Department of Health and Human Services, Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration, *National Household Survey on Drug Abuse: Population Estimates 1995* (Rockville, MD: U.S. Department of Health and Human Services, 1996), pp. 41-51. Table constructed by SOURCEBOOK staff.